

FACULTY OF APPLIED PHYSICS AND MATHEMATICS

Questions for the Diploma Exam – NT II Nanostructures and computer simulations in material science

- 1. Defects in solids. Relations between defects and properties of materials.
- 2. Semiconductor p-n and metal-semiconductor junctions: properties and applications.
- 3. Describe magnetic domains and explain why they are formed.
- 4. Describe giant magnetoresistance (GMR) and tunnel magnetoresistance (TMR).
- 5. Surface tension give the definition and discuss consequences (an example).
- 6. Glass transition. How can we determine the glass transition temperature?
- 7. The sol-gel method for the synthesis of glasses and ceramics: basic stages and application.
- 8. Describe the particle confined in 1D, 2D and 3D.
- 9. Synthesis methods of nanomaterials.
- 10. Methods for imaging nanostructures: types, principles of operation, limitations.
- 11. Methods of nanomaterials physico-chemical properties examination.
- 12. Chemical and physical adsorption and its influence on surface properties.
- 13. Light emitting diodes and lasers: principle of operation and application.
- Optical spectroscopy methods: brief characteristic, physical basis and their application for nanomaterials analysis.
- 15. Photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) as a "surface sensitive" technique.
- Differences between classical and quantum-based methods of computational analysis of nanoscale systems.
- 17. The molecular dynamics (MD) method: principle of operation, advantages and limitations.
- 18. Periodic boundary conditions in computer simulation. Why and when are they used, how do they work, what are their main limitations?
- 19. Kohn-Sham Density Functional Theory (KS-DFT): main principle of operation, advantages and limitations.
- What is the exchange-correlation (XC) functional? Describe the "Jacob's ladder" of XC functionals.

Dziekan

of, ar hao, inż. Wojciech Sadowsk WYDZIAŁ FIZYKI TECHNICZNEJ

I MAZEMATYKI STOSOWANEJ